§ 320.63

samples came from the same samples as used in the specific bioavailability or bioequivalence study identified by the agency. The assurance shall be executed by an individual authorized to act for the applicant or contract research organization in releasing the reserve samples to FDA.

- (h) A contract research organization may contract with an appropriate, independent third party to provide storage of reserve samples provided that the sponsor of the study has been notified in writing of the name and address of the facility at which the reserve samples will be stored.
- (i) If a contract research organization conducting a bioavailability or bioequivalence study that requires reserve sample retention under this section or \$320.63 goes out of business, it shall transfer its reserve samples to an appropriate, independent third party, and shall notify in writing the sponsor of the study of the transfer and provide the study sponsor with the name and address of the facility to which the reserve samples have been transferred.

 $[58\ {\rm FR}\ 25927,\ {\rm Apr.}\ 28,\ 1993,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 64\ {\rm FR}\ 402,\ {\rm Jan.}\ 5,\ 1999]$

§ 320.63 Retention of bioequivalence samples.

The applicant of an abbreviated application or a supplemental application submitted under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, or, if bioequivalence testing was performed under contract, the contract research organization shall retain reserve samples of any test article and reference standard used in conducting an in vivo or in vitro bioequivalence study required for approval of the abbreviated application or supplemental application. The applicant or contract research organization shall retain the reserve samples in accordance with, and for the period specified in, §320.38 and shall release the reserve samples to FDA upon request in accordance with

[58 FR 25928, Apr. 28, 1993, as amended at 64 FR 402, Jan. 5, 1999]

PART 328—OVER-THE-COUNTER DRUG PRODUCTS INTENDED FOR ORAL INGESTION THAT CONTAIN ALCOHOL

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec

328.1 Scope. 328.3 Definitions.

Subpart B—Ingredients

328.10 Alcohol.

Subpart C-Labeling

328.50 Principal display panel of all OTC drug products intended for oral ingestion that contain alcohol.

AUTHORITY: Secs. 201, 301, 501, 502, 503, 505, 701 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 351, 352, 353, 355, 371).

SOURCE: 60 FR 13595, Mar. 13, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§ 328.1 Scope.

Reference in this part to regulatory sections of the Code of Federal Regulations are to chapter I of title 21 unless otherwise noted.

§ 328.3 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) Alcohol means the substance known as ethanol, ethyl alcohol, or Alcohol, USP.
- (b) *Inactive ingredient* means any component of a product other than an active ingredient as defined in §210.3(b)(7) of this chapter.

Subpart B—Ingredients

§ 328.10 Alcohol.

- (a) Any over-the-counter (OTC) drug product intended for oral ingestion shall not contain alcohol as an inactive ingredient in concentrations that exceed those established in this part, unless a specific exemption, as provided in paragraph (e) or (f) of this section, has been approved.
- (b) For any OTC drug product intended for oral ingestion and labeled for use by adults and children 12 years